

**Exercice**

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Soit  $z \in \mathbb{C}$ . On pose  $z = x + iy$  avec  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  et  $y \in \mathbb{R}$

1. Déterminer la partie réelle  $\Re(Z)$  et la partie imaginaire  $\Im(Z)$  du nombre complexe:

$$Z = 3z^2 + z \cdot \bar{z} - 6i\sqrt{2}$$

2. Résoudre l'équation:

$$(E): 3z^2 + z \cdot \bar{z} - 6i\sqrt{2} = 0$$

## Correction :

1.  $z = x + iy$

$$Z = 3z^2 + z \cdot \bar{z} - 6i\sqrt{2}$$

$$Z = 3(x + iy)^2 + (x + iy)\overline{(x + iy)} - 6i\sqrt{2}$$

$$Z = 3(x^2 + 2ixy - y^2) + (x + iy)(x - iy) - 6i\sqrt{2}$$

$$Z = 3x^2 + 6ixy - 3y^2 + x^2 + y^2 - 6i\sqrt{2}$$

$$Z = 4x^2 - 2y^2 + i(6xy - 6\sqrt{2})$$

Donc:

$$\Re(Z) = 4x^2 - 2y^2$$

$$\Im(Z) = 6xy - 6\sqrt{2}$$

2.

$$Z = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} 4x^2 - 2y^2 = 0 \\ 6xy - 6\sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} (2x - \sqrt{2}y)(2x + \sqrt{2}y) = 0 \\ 6(xy - \sqrt{2}) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} 2x - \sqrt{2}y = 0 \\ xy - \sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases} \quad \text{ou} \quad \begin{cases} 2x + \sqrt{2}y = 0 \\ xy - \sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$a) \begin{cases} 2x = \sqrt{2}y \\ xy - \sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \\ xy - \sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \\ \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y^2 - \sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \\ \sqrt{2}y^2 - 2\sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \\ y^2 = 2 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \\ y = \sqrt{2} \text{ ou } y = -\sqrt{2} \end{cases}$$

Si  $y = \sqrt{2}$  alors  $x = 1$

Si  $y = -\sqrt{2}$  alors  $x = 1$

$$b) \begin{cases} 2x + \sqrt{2}y = 0 \\ xy - \sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}y \\ xy - \sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}y \\ \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}y^2 - \sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x = \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2}y \\ -\sqrt{2}y^2 - 2\sqrt{2} = 0 \end{cases}$$

L'équation (2) n'a pas de solution

Conclusion:  $S = \{1 + i\sqrt{2}; 1 - i\sqrt{2}\}$